

healthy all life long

### EPIDEMIOLOGY OF HIV & STI IN BELGIUM

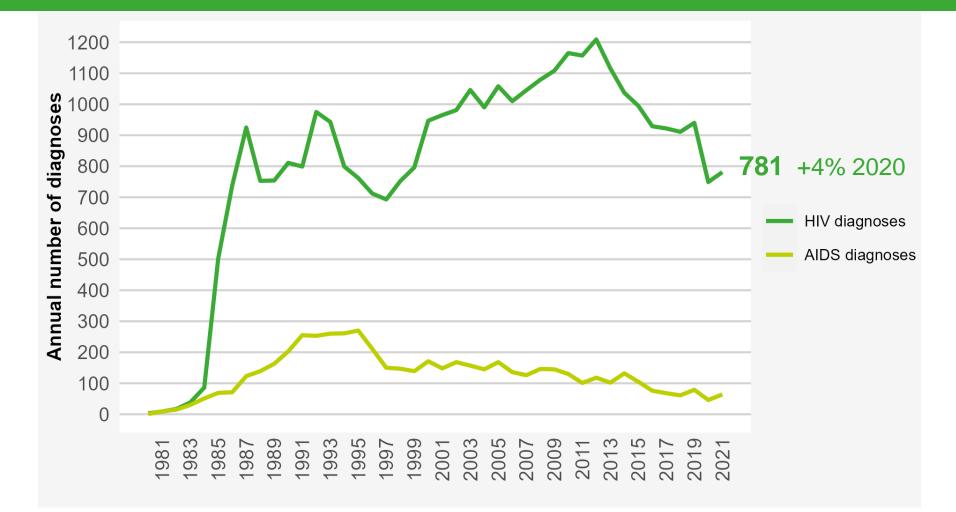
#### **DATA 2021**

Deblonde J, Serrien, B, De Rouck M, Lecompte A, Montourcy M, <u>Van Beckhoven D</u>

BREACH symposium 23 November 2022

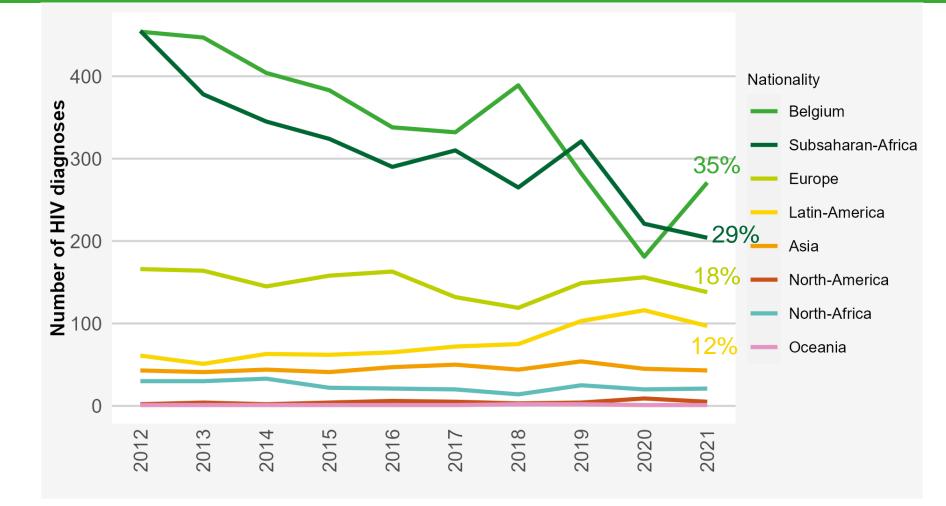


#### Number of HIV diagnoses & AIDS per year, 1982-2021



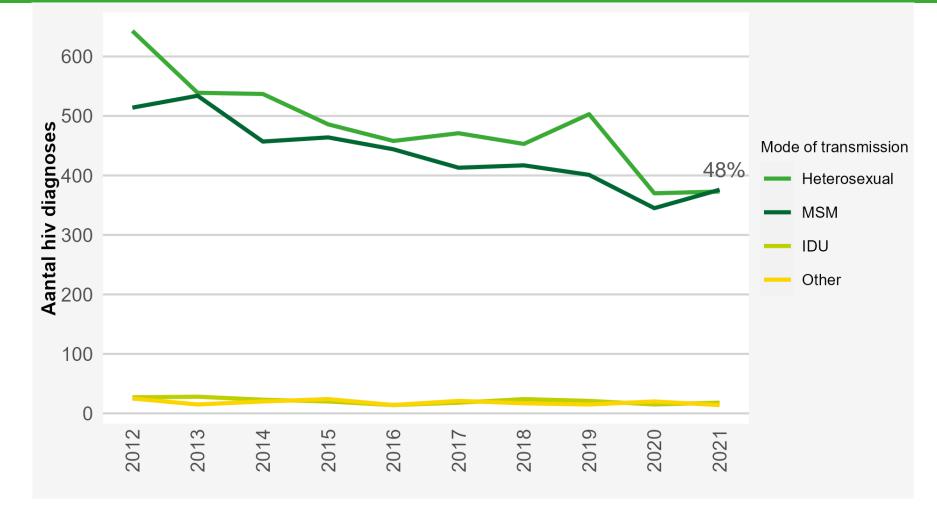


#### Number of HIV diagnoses by grouped nationalities



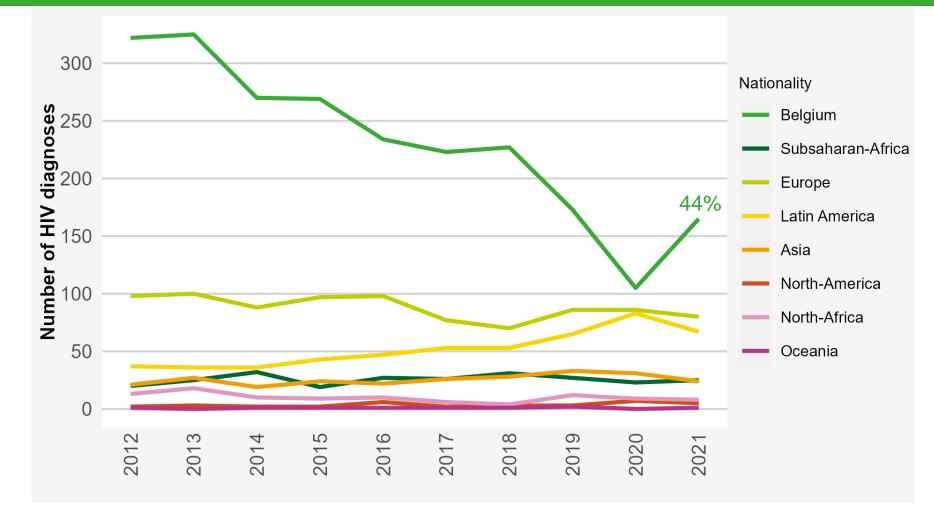


#### New HIV diagnoses by reported mode of infection



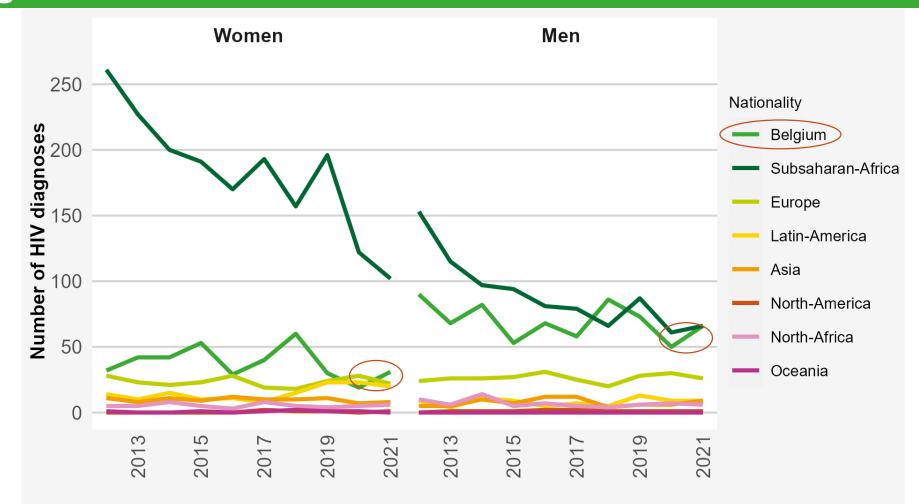


## Number of HIV diagnoses by nationalities (grouped) among MSM



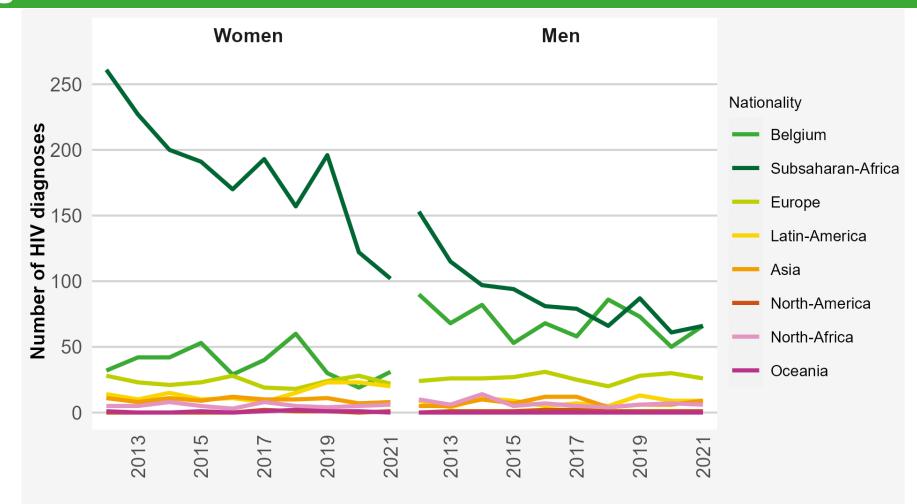


# Number of HIV diagnoses by nationalities and sex among heterosexuals



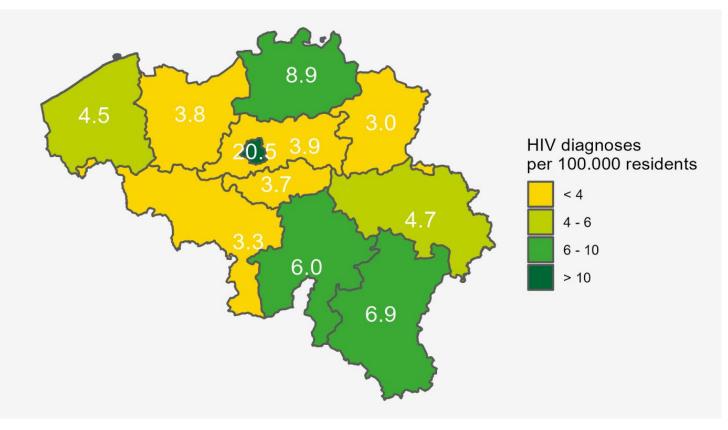


# Number of HIV diagnoses by nationalities and sex among heterosexuals





#### HIV diagnoses (/100 000) per provinces, 2021



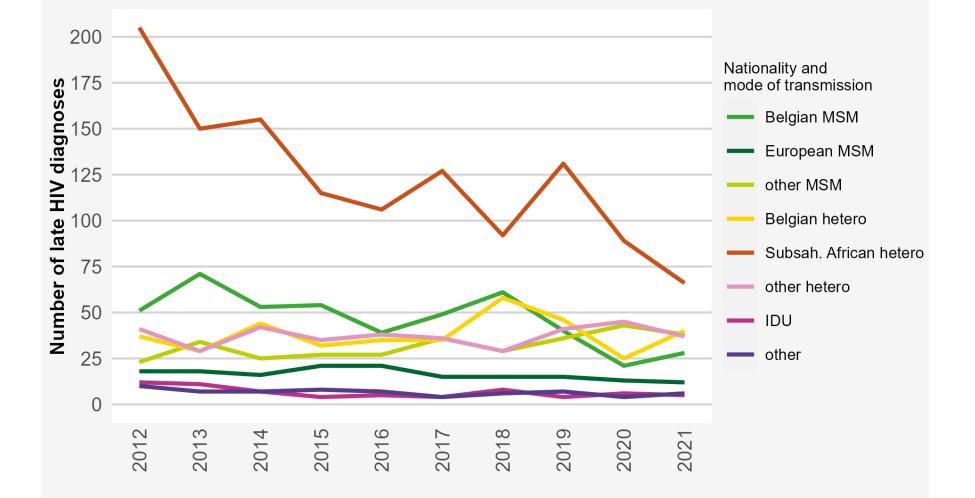
Urbanization setting:

Dense:	13.2	diag / 100 000 pop
Intermediate:	3.7	diag / 100 000 pop
Rural:	3.6	diag / 100 000 pop



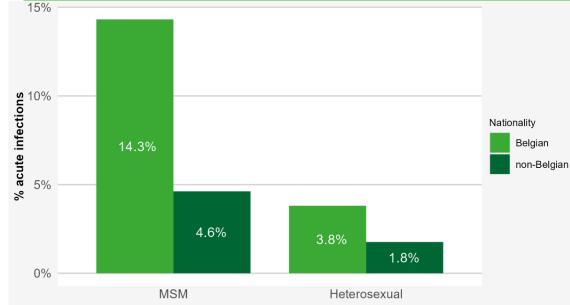
.be

#### Timing of HIV diagnosis: late diagnoses

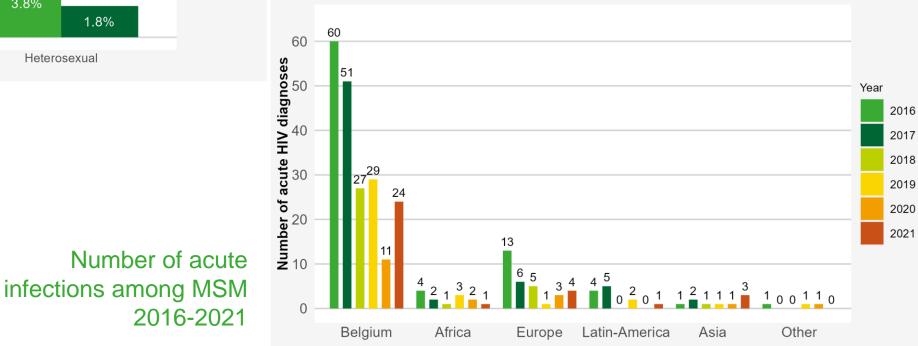




#### Timing of diagnosis: acute infections, 2021

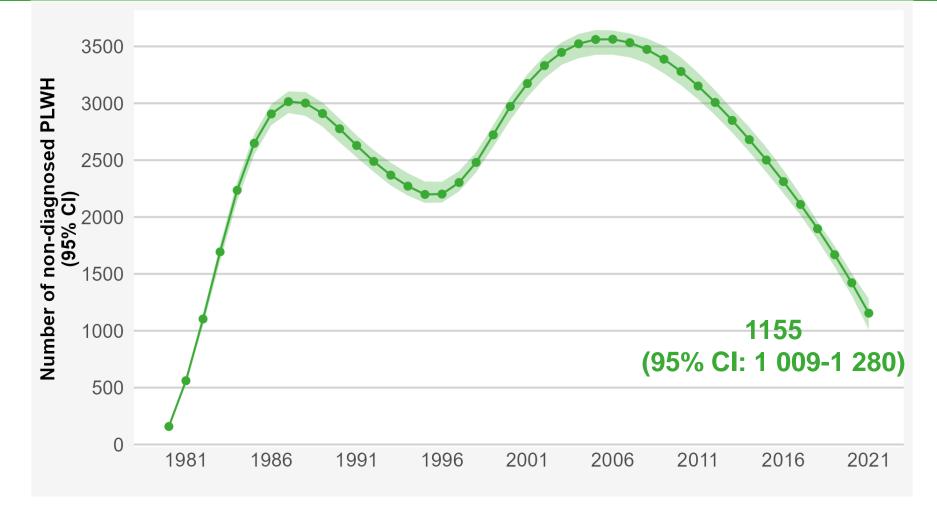


### Proportion of acute infections among HIV diagnoses, 2021



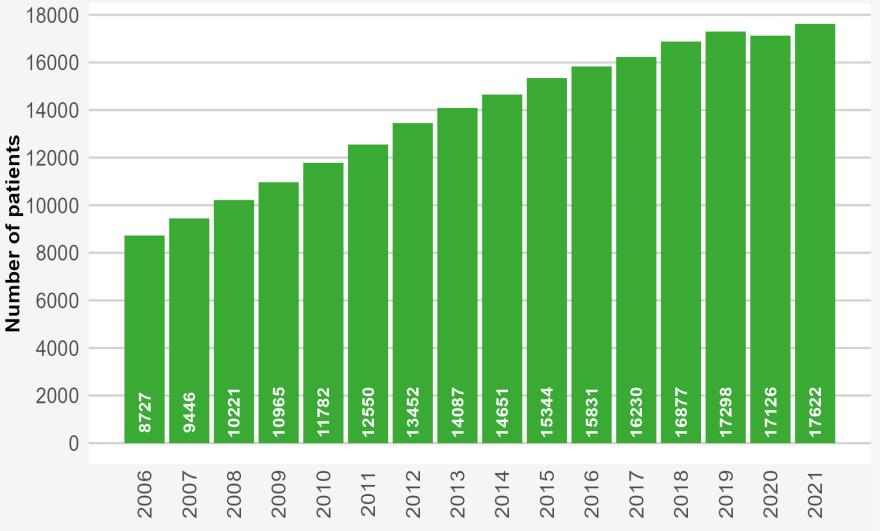


## Estimates of undiagnosed PLWH per year (based on ECDC statistical model)



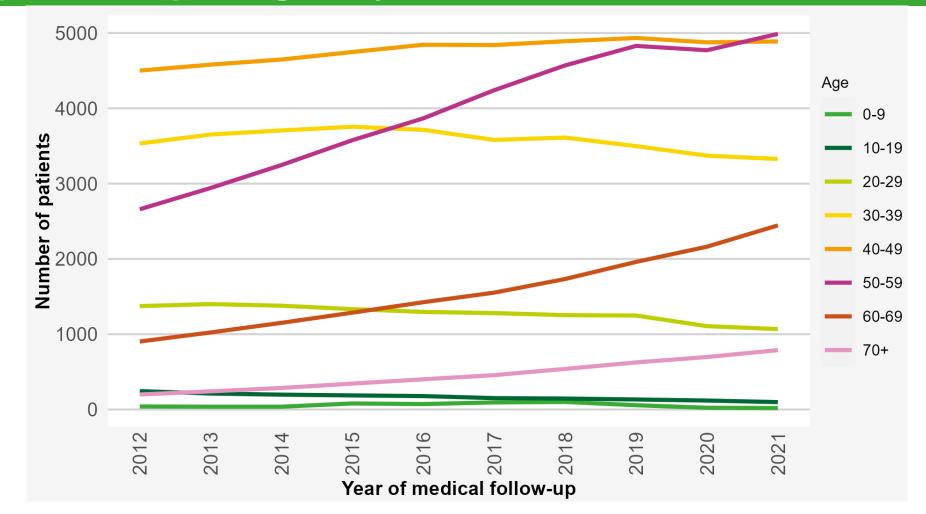


#### Number of patients in HIV care per year



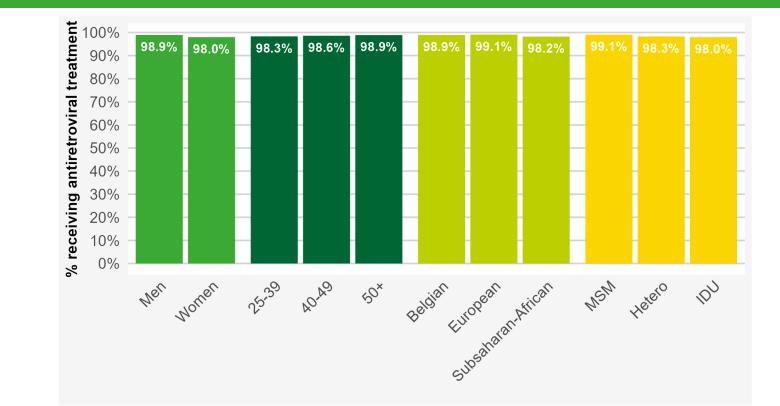
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### Aging of HIV patients: <u>Nr of patients per age & year of HIV care</u>





#### **Optimal ART coverage and VL suppression**



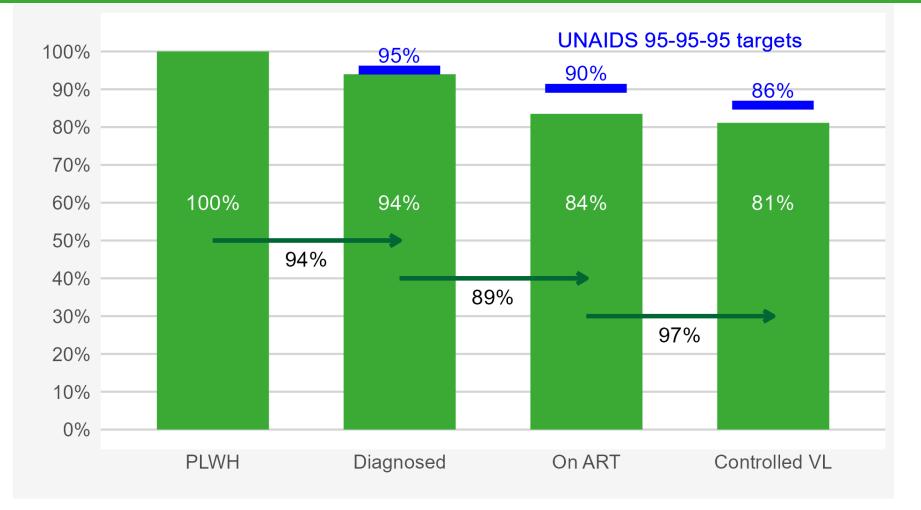
VL control (< 200 copies / ml) : 97% among ART>= 6 months



98.6% on ART

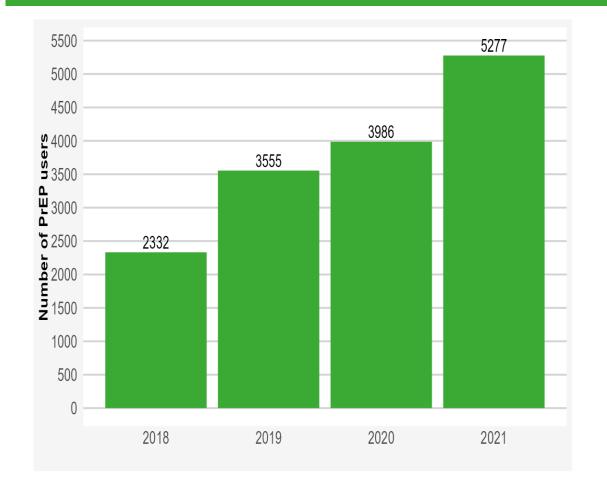


#### Estimates of the continuum of HIV care, 2021





#### **PrEP delivery**



✤ 99% male

✤ 30-39 years: 35%✤ 40-49 years: 27%

Average yearly use:
◆ Occasional (30-90): 37%
◆ Frequent (120-270): 42%
◆ Daily (≥ 300): 21%

✤ New users: 35%

Source: Pharmanet – public pharmacies Exclusive of hospital pharmacies (9% of PrEP pills)



#### **PrEP** consultations in HRC

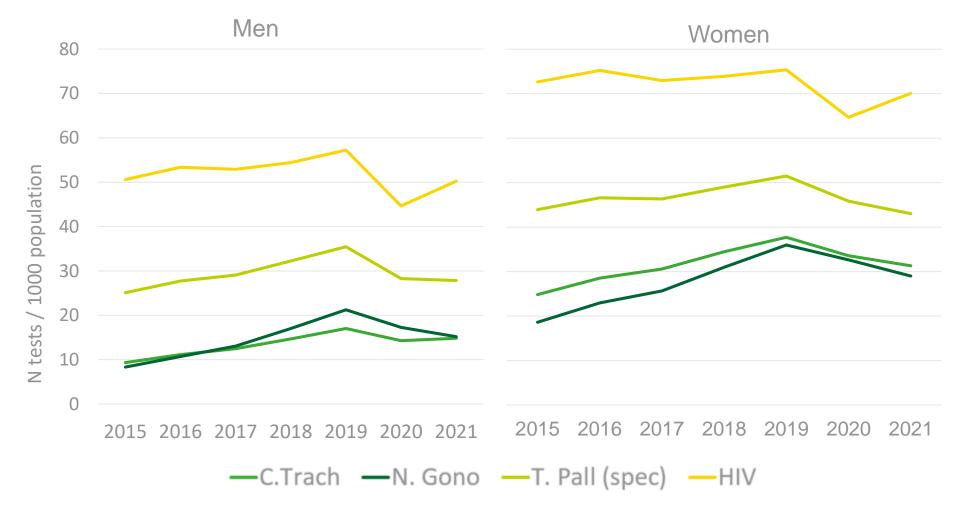
	Infection diagnoses 2021	%
✤ 98% MSM	At least one STI	25
* 71% Polgion	Chlamydia	14
71% Belgian	Gonorrhea	13
* 24% Chemsex	Syphilis	6
♦ 4 HIV seroconversions	Hepatitis C	0.3
	Hepatitis B	0

**Chemsex in PrEP, Barcelona**: **63%** Chemsex; **49%** worried about chemsex; **18%** said needed help *Authors plead for "A comprehensive, interdisciplinary approach"* 

De La Mora L. AIDS Behav. 2022 Dec; 26(12). doi: 10.1007/s10461-022-03730-5.

PROMISE, Belgium (ITM): 36.5% Chemsex; 21.9% willing to reduce chemsex activities; 23.4% experiencing negative consequences.
 Vanbaelen T., et al. Do PrEP users engaging in chemsex experience this as problematic and how can they best be supported? Findings from an online longitudinal study in Belgium. (2022). Not yet published.

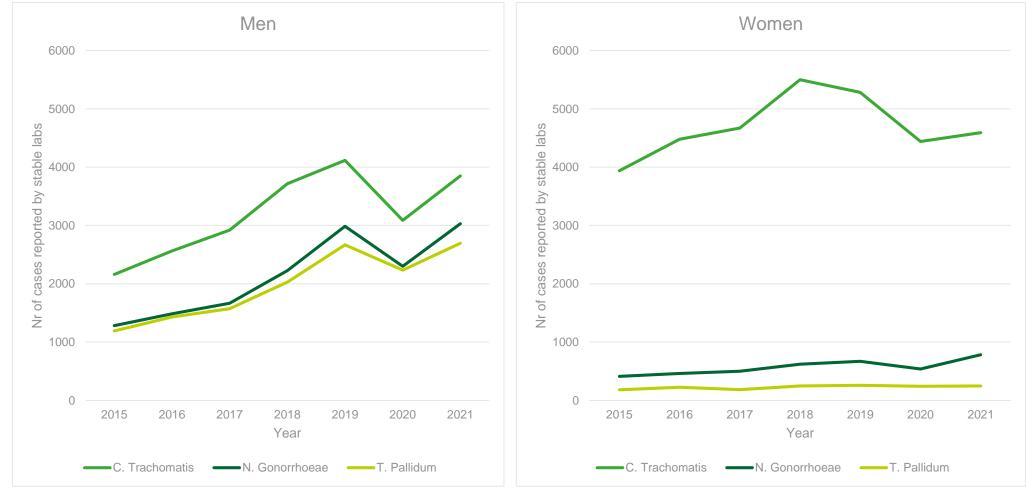
### STI & HIV testing, 2015-2021





Source: RIZIV-INAMI: tests performed HIV; tests reimbursed STI

### STI diagnoses: selection of consistently reporting sentinel laboratories (preliminary)





### **STI: discussion**

- Increasing STI diagnoses among men
  - Sharp increase in 2021
  - More insight needed on the testing & diagnosis trends:
    - Better disentangle testing & diagnosis trends
    - Symptomatic vs asymptomatic testing
  - PrEP weight in the increasing trend?
- Importance of a representative and stable laboratory network
  - Underrepresentation of labs in Wallonia



### Conclusion

#### High standards of care

- To reach 95-95-95
  - A testing / diagnosis
     A
  - $\square \uparrow retention in HIV care$

□ 4% increase in number of HIV diagnoses - Driven by Belgians

- □ Catch-up of delayed diagnoses?
- □ Signs of increased HIV transmission among MSM
- □ Scale up further to impact on rapid transmission

**Early testing** 

□ Prevention: panel of strategies including PrEP



#### Thanks to the ARLs & HRCs

#### & Pharmanet

#### Thanks to the annual report stakeholder group

Annual HIV reports – data 2021 FR: <u>https://doi.org//10.25608/9mcv-2433</u> NL: <u>https://doi.org/10.25608/9bnm-ht18</u>

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